

PRECEPTORIA - LISTA 8

Cálculo Diferencial e Integral I

Data da lista:	30/07, 01/08 e 02/08
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Cursos:	Eng. Mecânica, Eng. Elétrica e Eng. Alimentos
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1. Nos itens a seguir, ache a derivada da função dada.

- (a) $f(x) = \operatorname{sen}(4x)$
- (b) $f(t) = \sqrt[3]{1 + \operatorname{tg}(t)}$
- (c) $f(x) = \frac{(x^2+3)^3}{(5x-8)^2}$
- (d) $f(z) = \frac{(z^2-5)^3}{(z^2+4)^2}$
- (e) $f(x) = \operatorname{sen}^2(3t^2 - 1)$
- (f) $g(x) = \operatorname{tg}^2(x^2)$
- (g) $f(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}}$
- (h) $f(x) = (2\operatorname{sen}(x) - 3\cos(x))^3$
- (i) $f(y) = \frac{3\operatorname{sen}(2y)}{\cos^2(2y)+1}$
- (j) $f(x) = \operatorname{sen}(e^x)$
- (k) $f(x) = x\operatorname{sen}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
- (l) $f(x) = 4\cos(\operatorname{sen}(x))$
- (m) $f(x) = \operatorname{sen}^2(\cos(2x))$
- (n) $f(x) = e^{-5x}\cos(3x)$
- (o) $f(x) = e^{x\cos(x)}$
- (p) $f(x) = \operatorname{sen}(\operatorname{sen}(\operatorname{sen}(x)))$

2. Nos itens a seguir, ache a derivada da função dada.

- (a) $f(x) = 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 5x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
- (b) $f(x) = \sqrt{1 + 4x^2}$
- (c) $f(x) = (5 - 3x)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- (d) $f(x) = 2\cos(\sqrt{t})$

- (e) $f(x) = \sqrt{3\sin(x)}$
 (f) $f(x) = \tan(x^2 + 1)$
 (g) $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{t-1}}{\sqrt{t+1}}$
 (h) $g(t) = \sqrt{2t} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{t}}$
 (i) $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{(3x^2 + 5x - 1)^2}$

3. Calcule as seguintes derivadas.

- (a) $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x}\right)$
 (b) $\frac{d}{dz}(\sin(\sqrt[3]{z})\cos(\sqrt[3]{z}))$
 (c) $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)-1}{\sin(x)}}\right)$
 (d) $D_x(\sqrt{9+\sqrt{9-x}})$
 (e) $D_z\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos^2(2z)}}\right)$
 (f) $D_x(\sqrt{x}\tan(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}))$
 (g) $\frac{d}{dt}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\sin(t)+1}{1-\sin(t)}}\right)$

4. Nos itens a seguir, ache $\frac{dy}{dx}$ por derivação implícita.

- (a) $x^2 + y^2 = 16$
 (b) $x^3 + y^3 = 8xy$
 (c) $x^2 + y^2 = 7xy$
 (d) $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = 1$
 (e) $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 4$
 (f) $2x^3y + 3xy^3 = 5$
 (g) $(2x+3)^4 = 3y^4$
 (h) $\sqrt{xy} + 2x = \sqrt{y}$
 (i) $x^2y^3 = x^4 - y^4$
 (j) $y = \cos(x - y)$
 (k) $x = \sin(x + y)$
 (l) $x\sin(y) + y\cos(x) = 1$
 (m) $\cos(x + y) = y\sin(x)$
 (n) $\sin(x) + \cos(y) = \sin(x)\cos(y)$